Rimfire Ammunition

SDS Revision: 1.0

SDS Revision Date: 6/15/2015

		1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION				
1.1	Product name:	HORNADY® Rimfire Ammunition				
1.2	Chemical Name	See Section 3 Composition and Ingredients				
1.3	Synonyms	Cartridges, Small Arms Ammunition, Rimfire Ammunition, Hornady Magnum Rimfire, Mach 2, 22 Mag				
1.4	Trade Names	17 Mach 2®, 17 HMR™, 22 WMR Hornady®, 17 Win Super Ma	ag; Does not include ammunition loaded with NTX™			
1.5	Product Use	Firearm Ammunition	NZ DISTRIBUTOR			
1.6	Manufacturer's Name	Hornady Manufacturing Company	Steve's Wholesale Ltd. Units 5 - 7 / 408 The Esplanade			
1.7	Manufacturer's Address	P.O. Box 1848, Grand Island, Ne 68802 USA	Island Bay Wellington 6023			
1.8	Business Phone	+1 (308) 382-1390	team@steveswholesale.nz			
1.9	Emergency Phone	CHEMTREC: +1 (800) 424-9300 / +1 (703) 527-3887	Emergency Contact: Steve Collings			
1.10	Prepared By	K.Hoover	0800 303 303			
		•	0274 905 708			
			Poison Control 0800 POISON			
			(0800 764 766)			

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

2.1 **HAZARD CLASSIFCATION:**

Explosive Hazard Division 1.4. Specific Target Organ Toxicity-Repeated Exposure Category 1. Reproductive Toxicity Category 1A. Carcinogenicity Category 2. Skin Sensitization Category 1A. Acute Toxicity (inhalation) Category 3.

SIGNAL WORD:

Danger

HAZARD STATEMENTS (H):

H204- Fire or projection hazard. Exposure by inhalation or ingestion H372- Causes damage to liver, kidneys, central nervous system, through prolonged or repeated exposure; H360- May damage fertility or the unborn child; H351- Suspected of causing cancer

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS (P):

P210- Keep away from heat- No Smoking. P260- Do not breathe dust/fume. P264- Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P374- fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. P307+313- If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P501- Dispose of contents in accordance of local/regional/national regulations.

Pictogram



2.2 Routes of Entry: Inhalation: Yes Absorption: No Ingestion: Yes
See Section 16 for Definitions of Terms Used

		3. Com	position & Ing	redients						
						EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR – ppm (mg/m³)				
					ACGIH OSHA					
CHEMICAL NAME(S)	CAS No.	RTECS No.	EINECS No.	%	TLV	STEL	PEL	STEL	IDLH (mg)	
Antimony	7440-36-0	CC4025000	231-146-5	0-2	0.5	-	0.5	-	50	
Copper	7440-50-8	GL5325000	231-159-6	25-43	1.0	-	1.0	-	100	
Lead	7439-92-1	0F7525000	231-100-4	25-60	0.05	-	0.05	-	100	
Nitrocellulose	9004-70-0	N/A	N/A	6.5-13	-	-	-	-	-	
Nitroglycerin	55-63-0	QX2100000	N/A	1-6	0.46	-	-	0.2	75	
Zinc	7440-66-6	N/A	231-175-3	5-14	-	-	15	-	500	
OTHER COMPONENTS PRESENT IN LESS THAN 1% CONCENTRATION				BAL				S DO NOT (HAZARDS	CONTRUBUTE	

SDS Revision: 1.0

SDS Revision Date: 6/15/2015

4. FIRST AID

4.1 **EYES:**

Immediately flush out fume or particles with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation develops, call physician.

SKIN:

Wash affected skin thoroughly with soap and water.

INGESTION:

If ingested, call physician immediately.

INHALATION:

If signs of lung irritation occur, remove victim to fresh air immediately. If respiration has stopped administer CPR and get medical attention immediately.

MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS/EFFECTS, ACUTE AND DELAYED:

Fragments from fired ammunition can cause physical injury. When ammunition is fired or otherwise discharged, dust and/or fumes may be absorbed by the digestive system and can result in both acute and chronic overexposure. Symptoms may include gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. High concentrations of dust and/or fumes may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing. Symptoms of chronic exposure to lead include anemia, visual and hearing disturbances, headache, memory loss, fatigue, muscle weakness, tremors, and convulsions. Ingestion of ammunition can cause irritation to the digestive system, and possibly other unknown health effects. A drop in blood pressure, headache, cyanosis and mental confusion may result from nitroglycerin in the product.

4.2 Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure:

Repeated or prolonged exposure may aggravate and existing dermatitis condition.

5. FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS

5.1	Flashpoint & Method:
-----	----------------------

N/A

5.2 Autoignition Temperature:

160°C-180°C (320°F- 360°F)

5.3 Flammability Limits: Lower Explosive Limit (LEL): Upper Explosive Limit (UEL):

5.4 Fire & Explosion Hazards:

Not considered flammable but may burn at high temperatures. Explosive. The effects are largely confined to the package and no projection fragments of appreciable size or range is to be expected. An external fire shall not cause virtually instantaneous explosion of almost the entire contents of the package. Do not expose to heat or ignition sources as this could cause an explosion. If heated above 200 °C (392 °F) may explode.

5.5 Extinguishing Methods:

Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

5.6 Firefighting Procedures:

Do not breathe fumes from fires or vapors from decomposition. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. If product is unconfined, there is a greater risk for injury from projectiles. Flood area with water to cool exposed product and extinguish fire.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Spills:

Spills will not normally require emergency response. Do not expose product to mechanical shock, electrical shock or impact. Spilled product can be pickup up by any non-spark, non-impact tools/methods. If spill is large or other assistance is required, call 800-338-3220 or CHEMTREC at 800-424-9300. If cartridges are damaged or ruptured be very careful to avoid all sources of ignition.

	7. STORAGE & HANDLING
7.1	Precautions for Safe Handling:
	Avoid striking the primer. Ammunition should stay in the manufacturer packaging while transferring. Remove ammunition from service if any of the following conditions have occurred: corrosion, physical damage, exposure to oil or spray type lubricants.
7.2	Storage & Handling: Store in a cool and dry location. Do not expose to excessive heat, flame or other sources of ignition. Avoid mechanical shock and electrical discharge.

SDS Revision: 1.0

SDS Revision Date: 6/15/2015

		8. EXPOSURE CONTROL & PERSONAL PROTECTION								
8.1	Use proper range filtration ar	Ventilation & Engineering Controls: Use proper range filtration and airflow as well as sound deadening material for indoor firing.								
8.2	Respiratory Protection: Not normally needed. Unless exposure exceeds established occupational exposure limits, then a NIOSH-approved respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus should be used.									
8.3	Eye Protection: Safety glasses.									
8.4	Hand Protection: None.									
8.5	Body Protection: Wash hands thoroughly after	r use and before eating, drinking, or using tobacco.								
8.6	Hearing Protection: Use adequate hearing protec	ction when using firearms								
8.7	FIRED PROJECTILES MAY CAI ALWAYS keep the muzzle poi	Notes: FIRED PROJECTILES MAY CAUSE SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH. Use ammunition ONLY in firearms that are of the correct caliber and in good condition. ALWAYS keep the muzzle pointed in a safe direction. Projectiles have extremely long range, always be certain to have an adequate backstop. To avoid ricochet, do not fire at water, rocks or other hard or flat surfaces.								
		9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES								
9.1	Density:	N/A								
9.2	Boiling Point:	N/A								
9.3	Melting Point:	N/A								
9.4	Evaporation Rate:	N/A								
9.5	Vapor Pressure @ 20 °C:	N/A								
9.6	Molecular Weight:	N/A								
9.7	Appearance & Color:	N/A								
9.8	Odor Threshold:	N/A								
9.9	Solubility:	Insoluble								
9.10	pH:	N/A								
9.11	Viscosity:	N/A								
9.12	Coefficient oil/water Distribution:	N/A								
9.13	Additional Information:	N/A								

	10. STABILITY & REACTIVITY
10.1	Stability:
	Stable under normal conditions.
10.2	Decomposition Products:
	Lead oxides, lead fume, lead dust, carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides
10.3	Polymerization:
	Will not occur.
10.4	Conditions to Avoid:
	Mechanical shock, electrical discharge, extreme heat.
10.5	Incompatible Substance:
	Acids, caustics, strong oxidizers

SDS Revision: 1.0

SDS Revision Date: 6/15/2015

			11	. TOXICOLOGICAL	INFORMATION				
11.1	Toxicity Data:								
	LD50 and LC50								
	Lead:	LD50 (oral)	N/A	LC50 (inhalation)	N/A	IDLH	100mg/m³		
	Antimony:	LD50 (oral)	7 g/kg (rat)	LC50 (inhalation)	N/A	IDLH	50mg/m³		
	Copper:	LD50 (oral)	1,000mg/m ³	LC50 (inhalation)	>2,000mg/m ³	IDLH	100mg/m³		
	Nitrocellulose	LD50 (oral)	>5g/kg	LC50 (inhalation)	N/A	IDLH	N/A		
	Nitroglycerine	LD50 (oral)	1,607mg/kg (rabbit)	LC50 (inhalation)	N/A	IDLH	75mg/m³		
	Zinc	LD50 (oral)	7,950mg/kg (mouse)	LC50 (inhalation)	2,500mg/m³ (mouse)	IDLH	500mg/m ³		
11.2	Acute Toxicity: See section 4								
11.3	Chronic Toxicity: See section 4								
11.4	Suspected Carcino Trace amounts of c	_	re suspected to cause cancer,	birth defects or other	reproductive harm may be p	resent in this pr	oduct.		
11.5	Reproductive Toxic	ity:							
	Mutagenicity:		This product is not expected to cause mutagenic effects in humans. Mutagenic effects have occurred in experimental animals						
	Embryotoxicity:		This product is not expected t	•					
	Teratogenicity: This product is not expected to cause teratogenic effects in humans. Teratogenic effects have occurred in experimental animals.								
	Reproductive Toxic	ity:	This product is expected to ca	use reproductive harn	in humans.				
11.6	Irritancy of Product N/A								
11.7	Biological Exposur NA	e Indices:							
11.8	Medical Recomme Treat symptomatic								
12.1	Ecological Informa	tion:	1	2. ECOLOGICAL IN	IFORMATION				
	•		l information available. Indivi	dual component inform	nation as follows:				
12.2	Lead: Toxic to waterfowl,	high conce	ntrations may be toxic to othe	r aquatic species.					
	Copper: Toxic to aquatic species. Concentration required for toxicity varies with water chemistry, light transmittance, and other factors. Generally accepted level for								
	aquatic toxicity is >1.0mg/L Dibutyl Phthalate: Fathead minnow: 1.3mg/L (96H)								
	Nitrocellulose:		vertebrates, fish, algae)						
	Nitroglycerine: LC50 (96 hour) 1.2								
	Zinc: Depending on cond	ditions, as	ittle as .13mg/L may be toxic	to some species					
			13	3. DISPOSAL CON	SIDERATIONS				
13.1	Waste Disposal:								

SDS Revision: 1.0

SDS Revision Date: 6/15/2015

	of accordingly. The use more information regard	with federal & provincial hazardous waste laws. Product that has become waste must be considered hazardous and disposed or of this product is responsible for seeing that it is disposed of in accordance with all federal, state and local laws. For ling disposal of this product contact the manufacturer.			
13.2	RCRA Hazard Class: D003, D008, depending o	on condition			
		14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION			
14.1	49 CFR U.S. Department of				
	Proper Shipping Name:	Cartridges, Small Arms			
	Hazard Class:	1.4S			
	ID Number:	UN 0012			
		II			
	Packing Group: Label Statement:	None for highway/water/rail; 1.4 placard for individual packages over 1001 lbs.			
44.0		None for highway/ water/ fail, 1.4 pracard for individual packages over 1001 lbs.			
14.2	IATA (AIR):				
	Proper Shipping Name:	Cartridges, Small Arms			
	Hazard Class:	1.4\$			
	ID Number:	UN 0012			
	Packing Group:				
	Label Statement:	1.4S Label			
14.3	IMGD (OCN):				
	Proper Shipping Name:	Cartridges for Weapons, Inert Projectile			
	Hazard Class:	1.48			
	ID Number:	UN 0012			
	EmS- No. (Fire):	F-B			
	EmS- No. (Spillage):	S-X			
14.4	TDGR (Canadian GND):				
	Proper Shipping Name:	Cartridges, Small Arms			
	Hazard Class:	1.4S			
	ID Number:	UN 0012			
	Packing Group:				
	Label Statement:	1.4\$			
14.5	ADR/RID (EU):				
	Proper Shipping Name:	Cartridges, Small Arms			
	Hazard Class:	1.4\$			
	ID Number:	UN 0012			
	Packing Group:				
	Label Statement:	1.4\$			
		1			
		15. REGULATORY INFORMATION HSR100263			
15.1	SARA Reporting Requirem	nents:			
15.2	Nitroglycerin if above threshold SARA Threshold Planning Quantity:				
	N/A				
15.3	TSCA Inventory Status: All chemical substances of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory or are otherwise exempt from inventory status.				
15.4	CERCLA Reportable Quant				



Rimfire Ammunition

SDS Revision: 1.0 SDS Revision Date: 6/15/2015

	Lead:	10 lbs					
	Copper:	5,000 lbs					
	Antimony:	5,000 lbs					
	Nitroglycerin: 10 lbs						
	Zinc:	1,000 lbs					
15.5	311/312:	7-1-1					
	Release of Pressur	e					
15.6	California Proposit	ion 65:					
	(Lead)- Warning- Ti	his product may contain a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer or birth defects or other reproductive harm.					
15.7	State Regulatory Ir	State Regulatory Information:					
	California:	N/A					
	Massachusetts:	Copper, Lead, Nitrocellulose, Nitroglycerin, Antimony, Zinc					
	Michigan:	Copper, Lead, Antimony, Zinc					
	Minnesota:	N/A					
	New Jersey:	Copper, Lead, Nitrocellulose, Nitroglycerin, Antimony, Zinc					
	Pennsylvania:	Copper, Lead, Nitrocellulose, Nitroglycerin, Antimony					
15.8	67/548/EEC (European Union) and CLP/GHS (1272/2008/EC) Requirements:						
	Hazard Classificati Cartridges, Small A Signal Word						
	Warning Hazard Statements (H):						
	H204- Fire or projection hazard. Precautionary Statements (P): P210- Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces- No smoking.						

	16. OTHER INFORMATION SW revised 06.01.2021	
16.1	Other Information: Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS) Health-1 Fire-0 Reactivity-2 PPE-A	
16.2	Disclaimer: This Safety Data Sheet complies with Health Canada's Workplace Hazardous Information System (WHIMS) & U.S. OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200. To the best of Hornady Manufacturing Company's knowledge, the information contained herein is reliable and accurate as of this date however, accuracy, suitability or completeness are not guaranteed and no warranties of any type, either expressed or implied, are provided. The information contained herein relates only to the specific product. Contact the manufacturer for additional information	;